Idafas الإضافة

الضافة What is an

- An إضافة is two (or more) nouns put together that shows a relationship between the two, usually best translated as possession.
- Examples:

Arabic	Literal Translation	Better Translation
سيارة الرجل	the car of the man	the man's car
كتاب الطالب	the book of the student	the student's book
شعر ساره	the hair of Sarah	Sarah's hair
مكتبي	the desk of me	my desk
مكيّف سيارة أخ <i>وي</i>	the A/C of the car of the brother of me	my brother's car A/C
ولد عام	a son of an uncle	a cousin
صف العربية	the class of Arabic	Arabic class
كلية الادب	the college of literature	

الضافة Important notes about an

- ONLY the last word in an إضافة phrase is definite (الــٰا or possessive or a name), but this makes the whole phrase definite
- Technically, putting a pronoun on the end of a word is a mini بيت + ي is بيتي) إضافة the house of me, AKA my house). It isn't so important for you to know it's an إضافة, but here's the info if you want it.
- There can be indefinite اضافة. You do this by keeping even the last word indefinite. These aren't as common, so in general use a definite one. But so you can see, here are some examples:

Arabic	Literal Translation	Better Translation
فرشاة اسنان	a brush of teeth	a toothbrush
أولاد عام	sons of an uncle	cousins
كيلو موز	a kilo of bananas	
دراجة أطفال	a bicycle of children	a kids' bike
أستاذ جامعة	a professor of a university	a university professor

- To make an indefinite إضافة definite, all you'd need to do is make the last word definite (i.e. فرشاة الاسنان = a toothbrush, فرشاة الاسنان = the toothbrush)
- Many students new to إضافة easily confuse إضافة with noun-adjective phrases. Just be careful to look for nouns when you are trying to find اصافة.

Tips for finding اضافة:

• Look for a two or more nouns with no other words between them where all the nouns (except maybe the last one) are indefinite.

A. Are these إضافة? Answers and explanations are after the exercise.

 1. سيارة حمراء
 2. باب الغرفة

 3. بيت أبوي
 4. الباب المفتوح

 5. أختي طيبة
 6. صديقتي لطيفة وكريمة

 7. الولد تعبان
 8. ابن صاحب البيت

 9. كرسي أحمد
 2. كرسي أحمد

Answers:

باب الغرفة .2

--> the door of the room. YES an إضافة

بيت أبوي 3.

--> the house of my father (my father's house). YES an إضافة

الباب مفتوح . 4

--> the door is open (you know there is an *is* because it switched from definite to indefinite). NOT an إضافة

أختى طيبة 5.

--> My sister is good (you know there is an *is* because it switched from definite to indefinite). NOT an اضافة

صديقتي لطيفة وكريمة 6.

--> My friend is nice and good (you know there is an *is* because it switched from definite to indefinite). NOT an

الولد تعبان 7.

--> the boy is sick (you know there is an *is* because it switched from definite to indefinite). NOT an

ابن صاحب البيت .8

--> the son of the owner of the house (the owner of the house's son). YES an إضافة

كرسي أحمد 9.

--> the chair of Ahmed (Ahmed's chair). YES an إضافة

B. Write these English phrases that are translated into Arabic as إضافة. If you need help, there are hints at the end of this exercise.

- 1. Housework
- 2. My aunt
- 3. Her friend's pen
- 4. My Language Institute
- 5. A love letter

Hints: 1. House = سنيق or مديقة or صديقة 2. Aunt = my father's sister or my mother's sister 3. Friend صديقة or صديقة 4. Language = مديق institute = محبد 5. Love = حب letter = رسالة

C. Underline the الصنافة in the sentence.

- 1. فستاني الزهراء في غرفة أختي.
 - 2. ما هو اسم ولدك؟
- 3. عندي كتاب طويل عن تاريخ الامارات.
- 4. أحب أغاني حب وموسيقي رومانسية.
- 5. أمس سلّمت على جد صديقي في بيت أهله.
- 6. أدرس الأدب الإنجليزي في كلية الادب في جامعة نيويورك.

D. Extra Practice:

- 1. Open a page in your book. Try to find المنافة.
- 2. Write possessive phrases in English and think of how to say them in Arabic.